

- 1 **Pars plicata, pars plana (orbiculus ciliaris) and ora:** Ciliary processes are slim and have even surfaces. The border between the anterior part and the posterior pars plana is the linea serrata of the pars plana (preora). The anterior pars plana is dark, the posterior pars plana appears bright and is called the preretina. It is the area where the ciliary epithelium is taller. A broad anulus pigmentosus ciliaris (marked area) can be seen.

- 2 **Pars plicata, pars plana (orbiculus ciliaris) and ora in an adult:** In the midst of the pars plana circular fibers of the zonular network form the ligamentum medianum (midline) across the ciliary epithelium of the pre-ora region. The anterior hyaloid membrane is connected to the ciliary body by fibers of the ligamentum medianum.

- 3 **Detail of figure 2:** Midline and side line can be seen.

- 4 **Section of the anterior calotte (equatorial opening):** Anterior to the ora there is a broad fairly light-colored band with a toothed border anteriorly, corresponding to the taller ciliary epithelium, the preretina. Originating from the preora, small meridional striae epitheliales can be seen adjacent to the well-discernable midline.

